IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

MICHELLE MAHN,)
Plaintiff,) No.
v.)
NATIONWIDE DEBT MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS, LLC))))
Defendant	Jury Demanded)

Plaintiff, Michelle Mahn brings this action for a finding that Defendant,

Nationwide Debt Management Solutions, LLC ("Nationwide"), violated the Fair Debt

Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. §§1692 et seq., and for the recovery of damages,

costs and attorney's fees for such violations. Plaintiff alleges:

PREAMBLE

- 1. The United States Congress has found abundant evidence of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors, contributing to personal bankruptcies, marital instability, loss of jobs, and invasions of privacy. (*see* 15 U.S.C.A. §1692[a].)
- 2. In response thereto, Congress enacted the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act ("FDCPA"), codified as 15 U.S.C.A. §§ 1692 et seq., the purpose of which is to eliminate abusive debt collection practices by debt collectors, to insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively

disadvantaged, and to promote consistent State action to protect consumers against debt collection abuses. (*see* 15 U.S.C.A §1692[e].)

- 3. Any debt collector who fails to comply with any provision of the FDCPA with respect to any person is liable to such person for any actual damages sustained by such person as a result of such failure (*see* 15 U.S.C.A §1692k[a][1]), as well as statutory damages up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00.) (*see* 15 U.S.C.A §1692k[a][2][A].)
- 4. Additionally, in the case of any successful action to enforce the foregoing liability, the debt collector is also liable for the costs of the action, together with a reasonable attorney's fee as determined by the court. (*see* 15 U.S.C.A §1692k[a][3].)
- 5. Plaintiff, Michelle Mahn, brings this action against Defendant, Nationwide, for a finding that Defendant violated the FDCPA, and for the recovery of damages, costs and attorney's fees for such violations.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 15 U.S.C.A §1692k(d) and 28 U.S.C. §1331.
- 7. This Court is the proper venue pursuant to 28 U.S.C.A. §1391 because Defendant does business in this Judicial District, or because a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claim occurred in this Judicial District.

PARTIES

- 8. Plaintiff, Michelle Mahn, is a natural person who resides in Marathon County, Wisconsin.
- 9. Defendant, Nationwide, a California limited liability company, with a principal place of business at 3609 Bradshaw Rd., Suite H-229, Sacramento, CA 95827.

- 10. Plaintiff, Michelle Mahn, is a "consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C.A. §1692a(3), in that Plaintiff is a natural person obligated or allegedly obligated to pay any debt.
- 11. Defendant, Nationwide is a "debt collector" as defined by 15 U.S.C.A. §1692a(6), in that Defendant uses an instrumentality of interstate commerce or the mails in its business, the principal purpose of which is the collection of debts.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 12. Plaintiff is alleged to have incurred a "debt," as defined by 15 U.S.C.A. §1692a(5), arising out of a personal credit card account.
- 13. Sometime thereafter, Plaintiff allegedly fell behind in the payments allegedly owed on the alleged debt.
- 14. On a date unknown to Plaintiff, but after the date Plaintiff allegedly fell behind in the payments, the alleged debt was purportedly placed with or otherwise transferred to Nationwide for collection purposes.
- 15. On exact dates unknown to Plaintiff, but within a year of the initiation of this lawsuit, Defendant repeatedly contacted Plaintiff by telephone with the attempt to annoy and harass.
- 16. On June 6, 2013, within a year of the initiation of this lawsuit, Defendant contacted Plaintiff by telephone and threatened to file a lawsuit against the Plaintiff in an attempt to coerce her to pay the alleged debt.
- 17. On June 6, 2013, within a year of the initiation of this lawsuit, Defendant contacted Plaintiff by telephone and threatened to communicate with third parties about Plaintiff's alleged debt.

- 18. On June 7, 2013, Defendant sent correspondence to the Human Resources Manager of Plaintiff's place of employment, Spectrum Insurance Group, in connection with Plaintiff's account, a copy of which is annexed hereto as Exhibit "1."
- 19. On June 11, 2013, Defendant contacted Plaintiff by telephone at her place of employment after being advised that Plaintiff was unable to receive phone calls at work.
- 20. On June 11, 2013, Defendant contacted Plaintiff by telephone at her place of employment and spoke to her in a hostile and threatening manner.
- 21. By this conduct, Defendant violated certain provisions of the FDCPA, as set forth below.

CAUSES OF ACTION

<u>COUNT I</u> Violation of 15 U.S.C.A. §1692d – Harassment and Abuse

- 22. Plaintiff repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference, all other paragraphs.
- 23. A debt collector may not engage in any conduct the natural consequence of which is to harass, oppress, or abuse any person in connection with the collection of a debt, including, without limiting the general application of the Section, inter alia: The use of language the natural consequence of which is to abuse the hearer or reader; causing a telephone to ring or engaging any person in telephone conversation repeatedly or continuously with intent to annoy, abuse, or harass any person at the called number; and the placement of telephone calls without meaningful disclosure of the caller's identity. (15 U.S.C.A. §1692d.)
- 24. Defendant's acts, as described herein, constitute violations of 15 U.S.C.A. §1692d, and render Defendant liable to Plaintiff for damages, costs and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C.A. §1692k.

COUNT II

Violation of 15 U.S.C.A. §1692c(b) – Unlawful Communications to Third Parties

- 25. Plaintiff repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference, all other paragraphs.
- 26. Except with certain limited exceptions not applicable here, a debt collector shall not, without the prior consent of the consumer given directly to the debt collector, or the express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction, or as reasonably necessary to effectuate a post-judgment judicial remedy, communicate, in connection with the collection of any debt, with any person other than the consumer, his attorney, a consumer reporting agency if otherwise permitted by law, the creditor, the attorney of the creditor, or the attorney of the debt collector. (15 U.S.C.A. §1692c[b].)
- 27. Defendants' acts, as described herein, constitute violations of 15 U.S.C.A. §1692c(b), and render Defendants liable to Plaintiff for damages, costs and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C.A. §1692k.

COUNT III

<u>Violation of 15 U.S.C.A. §1692e – False, Misleading or Deceptive Representations</u>

- 28. Plaintiff repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference, all other paragraphs.
- 29. A debt collector may not use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt, including, without limiting the general application of the Section, inter alia: The false representation of the character, amount or legal status of any debt; the false representation or implication that any individual is an attorney or that any communication is from an attorney; the threat to take any action that cannot legally be taken or that is not intended to be taken; the use of any false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt or to

obtain information concerning a consumer; and the failure to disclose in the initial written communication with the consumer and, in addition, if the initial communication with the consumer is oral, in that initial oral communication, that the debt collector is attempting to collect a debt and that any information obtained will be used for that purpose, and the failure to disclose in subsequent communications that the communication is from a debt collector. (15 U.S.C.A. §1692e.)

30. Defendant's acts, as described herein, constitute violations of 15 U.S.C.A. §1692e, and render Defendant liable to Plaintiff for damages, costs and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C.A. §1692k.

COUNT IV

<u>Violation of 15 U.S.C.A. §1692c(a) – Unlawful Communications to Plaintiff</u>

- 1. Plaintiff repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference, all other paragraphs.
- 2. A debt collector shall not, without prior consent of the consumer given directly to the debt collector or the express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction, communicate with a consumer, the consumer's spouse, parent (if the consumer is a minor), guardian, executor, or administrator in connection with the collection of any debt at any unusual time or place or a time or place known or which should be known to be inconvenient to the consumer. In the absence of knowledge of circumstances to the contrary, a debt collector shall assume that the convenient time for communicating with a consumer is after 8:00am and before 9:00pm, local time at the consumer's location. (15 U.S.C.A. §1692c[a][1].)

3. Defendants' acts, as described herein, constitute violations of 15 U.S.C.A.

§1692c(a), and render Defendants liable to Plaintiff for damages, costs and reasonable

attorney's fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C.A. §1692k.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered against Defendant, and Plaintiff

be awarded damages from Defendant as follows:

• Actual damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C.A. §1692k(a)(1) in an amount to be

determined at trial;

• Statutory damages of \$1,000.00 pursuant to 15 U.S.C.A. §1692k(a)(2)(A);

• Litigation costs together with a reasonable attorney's fee as determined by the

Court pursuant to 15 U.S.C.A. § 1692k(a)(3).

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff, Michelle Mahn, demands a trial by jury.

Dated: June 27, 2013

By: /s/ Craig B. Sanders

Attorney for Michelle Mahn Craig B. Sanders (CS4163)

Sanders Law, PLLC 100 Garden City Plaza

Suite 500

Garden City, New York 11530

516-203-7600

csanders@sanderslawpllc.com